



# Breaking New Ground

## The Evolution of Linux Clustering

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# Breaking New Ground

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- Evolution of Linux Clusters: Challenging Conventional Wisdom
  - Timeline of Innovation driven by upsetting the expected belief
- Fearless Forecasts for the Future
  - Conquering uncharted territory

# 1. Only supercomputers can do the job

- Prevailing belief that only custom designed architectures could solve complex problems
- SMP supercomputers required to meet needs of high performance computer users
- Only a small group of highly skilled programmers could write High Performance Computing (HPC) code
- Domain experts had to depend on these programmers to design the analyses and simulations

***High Performance Computing was too costly for most companies***

## 2. Open Source not a viable platform

- Only UNIX was considered sufficiently robust for HPC
  - Linux perceived as a “toy” system by many
- Commodity hardware too slow and primitive
- Proprietary hardware and software was required for peak performance
  - The OS vendor controlled the tools
- As recently as '97, Windows NT even considered the only viable alternative platform given Msft's dominance
- Attack of killer microchip anticipated

***\$ Million+ price tag still a huge barrier to entry for most***

# Disruptive Technologies Converge

- Widespread acceptance of personal computers reduces cost of commercial, off-the-shelf (COTS) components
- Higher clock rates, cheap memory and networks
- Innovation comes first on commodity platforms
- Linux and Open Source gain acceptance
  - Rebel operating system, but capable of working with broad set of commodity hardware
  - License enables coherent development without proprietary splits

# Upsetting the Expected Beliefs

- 1. Use Networked PCs for HPC
  - Commodity hardware is now powerful enough
    - Overcome latency issues
  - Empower the domain experts to design the code
- 2. Use Linux for the OS
  - See potential, not a toy or enthusiast's tool
  - Recognize networking capability of Linux
  - Build on open source vs. proprietary mindset

## ***Birth of Beowulf Project***

# Beowulf Democratizes Supercomputing

- Project conceived by Becker and Sterling in '93 and initiated at NASA in '94
- Objective: show that commodity clusters could solve some of the easier problems usually handled by \$million supercomputers but at a fraction of the cost
- Build a system that scaled in all dimensions
  - Networking, bandwidth, disks, main memory, processing power
- Initial prototype
  - 16 processors, Channel-bonded Ethernet, under \$50K
  - Matched performance of contemporary \$1M machine
- Idea spread quickly through NASA, research, academic communities

***HPC at a fraction of traditional cost***

# Early Beowulf Clusters



- Unsupported
- Roll your own
- Hardware reliability issues
- Compute density required considerable floor space
- Cheap

# Beowulf Pioneer Community: DIY Innovation

- Potential for a variety of applications was tremendous
- Domain expert likely to also be application architect, programmer, system administrator
- Only a subset of people had the talents, skill, and time to play all roles
- Open source meant everything was free

*Mindset & practical considerations still limited who could participate*

## 3. Roll your Own Clusters

- Sometimes the belief most in need of change is your own
  - DIY approach not perfect
- Not all domain experts had know-how, desire or time to build their own clusters, write apps, and manage system
- Commercial customers expected reliable hardware, supported apps, stability, training, and even documentation
- Financial resources were needed to advance technology further

***Scyld Software founded to overcome cluster management barriers***

# Clusters had Inherent Scalability Problems

- While COTS hardware was cheap, the time to build your own HPC Linux cluster was not!
- Clusters required full install on each system or use of NFS (Network File System)
- Configuration assumed fixed set of machines at installation
- MPI and PVM were only interfaces for cluster programming of parallelized applications

***A commercially-viable cluster solution had to be easier than this***

# Unified Cluster System Prototype: 2000

- Scyld UCS prototype - full install only on master node, netboot and compute nodes existed only to run applications
- Designed from scratch — delivers single system installation, administration, provisioning, monitoring, process space: *BeoMaster*
- Automatically, incrementally and transparently scalable, no cascading failures
  - No need to assume a fixed set of machines
- Deployment platform — standardized configuration

## 4. Clusters are good for scientific research and technical simulations

- PCs powerful enough to do HPC analysis for commercial applications such as MCAD/E, geoscience, bioinformatics
- Expensive supercomputers mostly reserved for government research and defense contractors
- All major hardware vendors offer Linux - recognized as
  - Stable and equally robust as UNIX
  - More scalable than Windows NT
  - More economical than other operating systems
- Key ISVs developing for distributed model
- Beowulf is an accepted approach for clusters

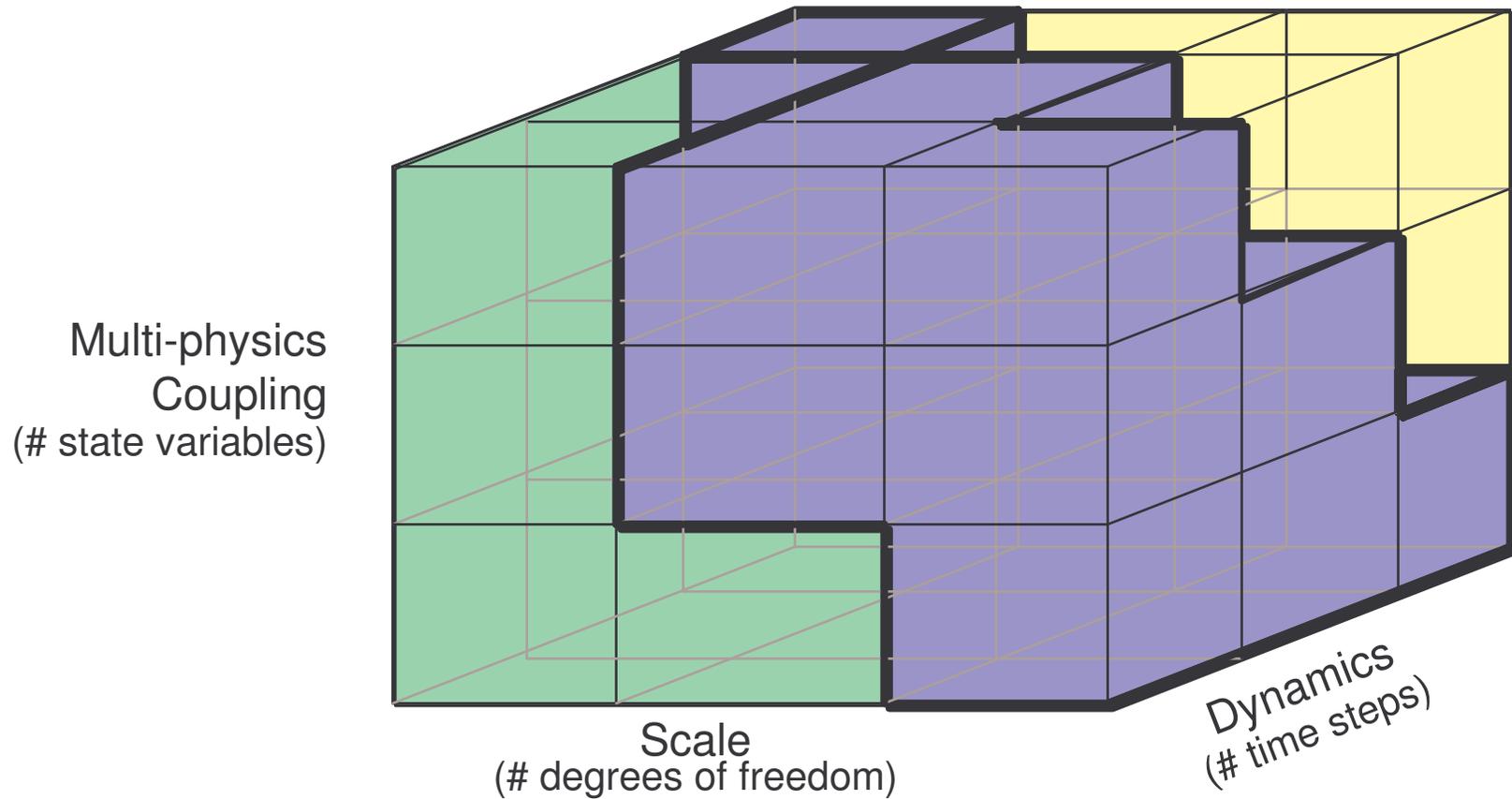
# Mainstreaming the Movement

- Engineering teams across different industries under pressure
- Need to get products to market faster on tighter budgets
- Aging workstations are common
- Want more complex simulations earlier in design process
- Facing analysis bottlenecks
- Don't have time to build their own clusters



***Complicated cluster management prevents broader uptake***

# Linux HPC Cluster Sweet Spot



- Supercomputers
- Linux HPC Clusters
- Desktops

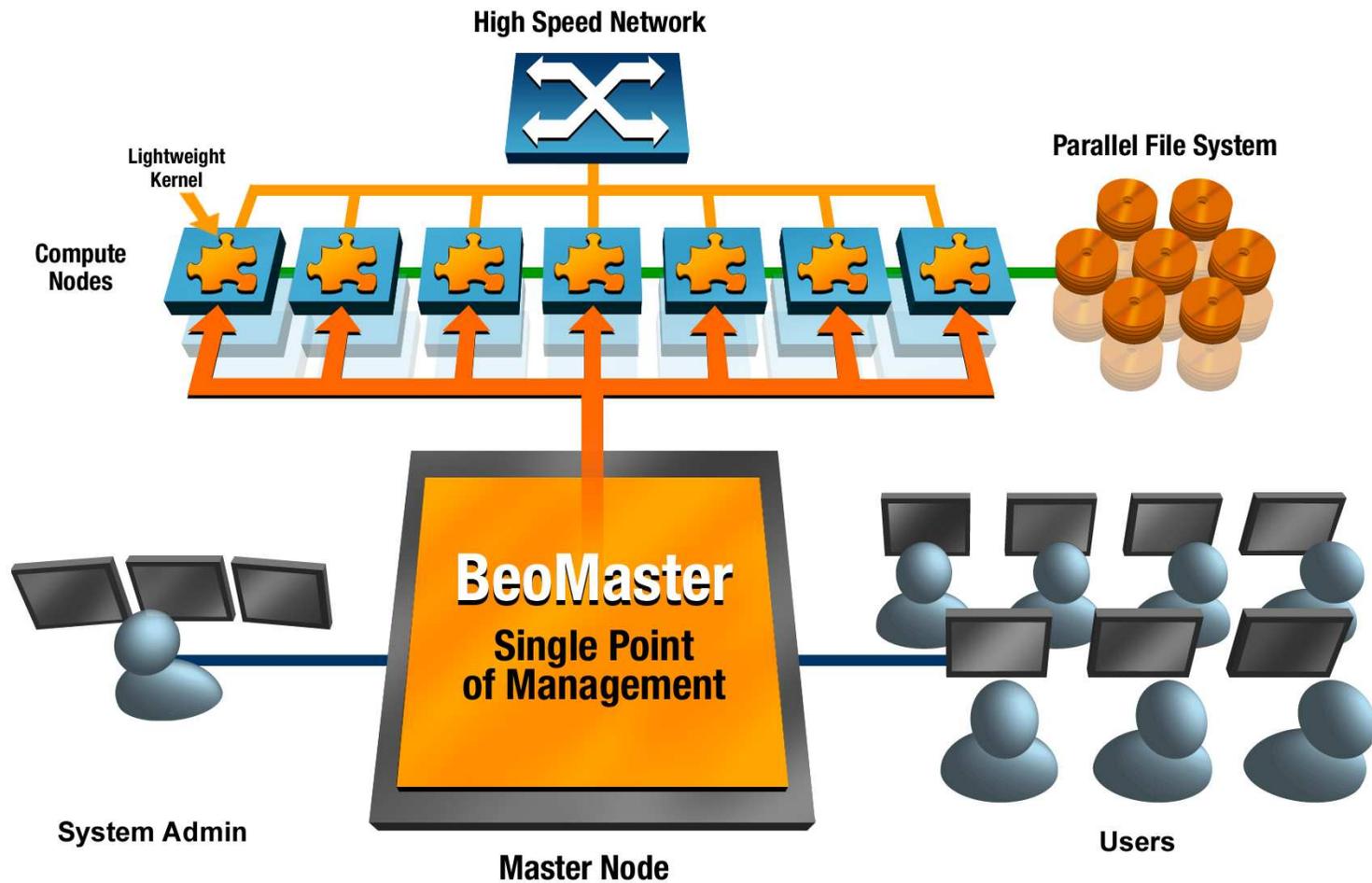
# Turning it into a science not an adventure

- Scyld's single system management makes it reasonable and cost-effective to upgrade to clusters as workstations need to be replaced
- Scyld's unique approach enables anyone who can administer a single Linux box to easily set up and manage a Scyld cluster up to 1000 nodes
- Incremental scaling is possible without redesign or administrative effort
- Combination of ease of use, power, support is ideal for commercial installations

***Complete, commercially supported software platform for HPC clusters***

# Scyld Beowulf Overview

*Simplicity & Ease of Use*



# Scyld Features & Benefits

**Technology leadership**

**Customer benefits**

*BeoMaster: Key libraries & extensions to Linux kernel for clustering*

- **Single Point of Cluster Management**

- Single system installation
- Single system administration
- Single system monitoring

- Install once, execute everywhere
- Add or remove nodes in seconds
- More secure model
- Supports diskless nodes
- **Lower deployment, management, maintenance costs**

- **Unified Process Space**

- SMP-like environment
- Lightweight compute nodes
- Automatic process migration at job execution time
- Manage processes w/ std Linux tools

- Cluster invisible to end users
- Easier to submit & manage jobs
- Lower overhead for applications
- Users focused on designs, not clusters
- **Shorter design cycle**

# Scyld Features & Benefits

**Technology leadership**                      **Customer benefits**

## *Complete Software Platform for Linux Clustering*

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>Full Linux Distribution</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Completely standards based</li><li>▪ Linux Kernel Version 2.4</li><li>▪ Most Red Hat applications using MPI run unchanged*</li></ul></li></ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Familiar Red Hat environment</li><li>▪ No need to purchase additional RH licenses</li><li>▪ <b>Not proprietary, fully standards based</b></li></ul>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>Integrated &amp; Flexible HPC Toolset</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Bundled and pre-tested</li><li>▪ Parallel libraries (MPI, PVM)</li><li>▪ Compilers (C, C++, Fortran)</li><li>▪ Cluster file system (PVFS)</li><li>▪ Library interfaces to integrate other tools/workflows</li></ul></li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Complete HPC clustering solution</li><li>▪ Integrated &amp; pre-tested</li><li>▪ Flexible platform to integrate other popular HPC toolsets</li><li>▪ <b>Works out of the box</b></li></ul> |

\* May require configuration or minor modifications to distribute across cluster

# Clusters delivering on the promise



- Hitachi Manufacturing
  - Using CFD to study airflow in its hard drives



- National Weather Service
  - Weather information dissemination system
  - Relies on intensive, behind-the-scenes computation - used to issue up-to-the-minute weather updates and warnings to the public

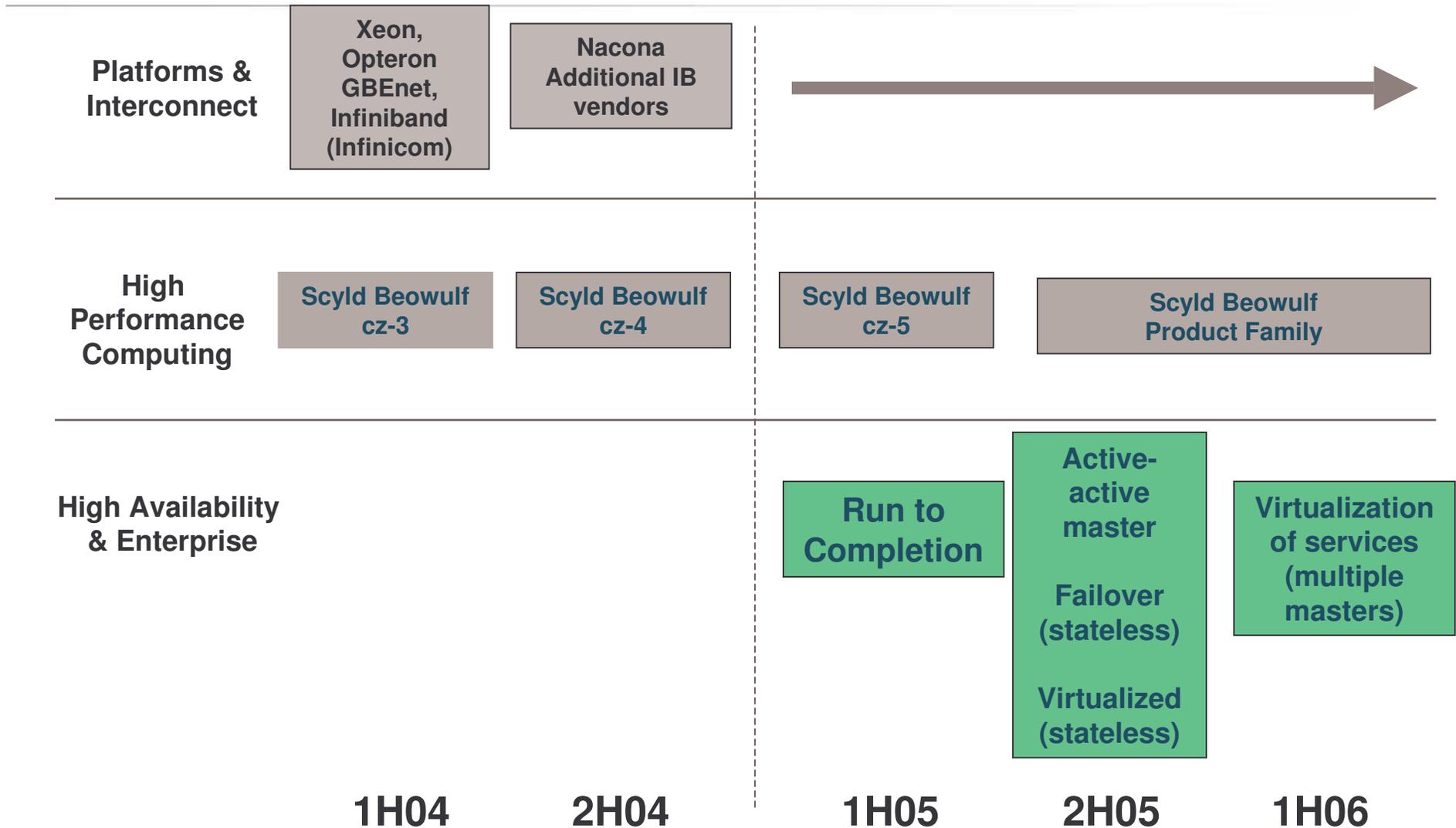
- University of Arizona Lunar and Planetary Lab

- Numerical simulations to study the formation of planet surface features & dynamics of planet atmospheres & circulation

Scyld 'supercluster' has increased compute speed fifteen fold so the Lab can handle larger problems, covering a larger region of the solar system



# Scyld Future Roadmap



# The Beliefs we challenged

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1. Only supercomputers can do the job
2. Open Source not a viable platform
3. Roll your own clusters
4. Clusters are good for scientific research and technical simulations

And...

5. Grid Computing is the future of distributed computing

# Fearless Forecast: Clusters Here to Stay

- Commodity hardware and Linux continue to advance
- Cluster model will be applied to enterprise uses
  - Bulk data handling, data mining
  - High Performance Throughput
  - Multiple small scale parallel jobs
  - Dynamic web applications
- **All** sets of machines will be managed as a cluster

*Clustering is the natural evolution of the computing ecosystem*

# Questions

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Thank you!

**Booth #609**

[www.scyld.com](http://www.scyld.com)

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